

微分積分学第一 (LAS.M101-06)

広義積分

山田光太郎

`kotaro@math.titech.ac.jp`

<http://www.official.kotaroy.com/class/2024/calc-1/>

東京工業大学

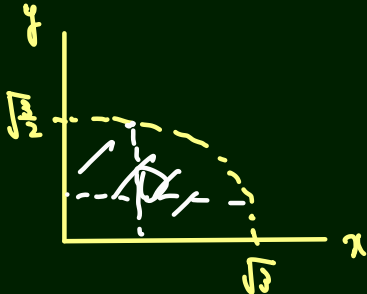
2024/07/23

中間試験のコメント：問題 B

$$\omega/2 + \frac{(\omega/2)^2}{\sqrt{1}}$$

$$I := \iint_D \frac{x}{1+x^2+2y^2} dx dy, \quad D = \{(x, y) \mid \underline{x^2+2y^2 \leq 3}, x, y \geq 0\}$$

$$\int_0^{\sqrt{3/2}} dy \int_0^{\sqrt{3-2y^2}} dx$$
$$\int_0^{\sqrt{3}} dx \int_0^{\sqrt{\frac{3-x^2}{2}}} dy$$



中間試験のコメント：問題 B

$$I := \iint_D \frac{x}{1+x^2+2y^2} dx dy, \quad D = \{(x, y) \mid x^2 + 2y^2 \leq 3, x, y \geq 0\}$$

$$x = \sqrt{2}u \cos v, \quad y = u \sin v$$

$$= \iint_{\tilde{D}} \left[\frac{\partial(x, y)}{\partial(u, v)} \right] du dv$$

Jacobin(行列)式

$$\tilde{D} = \{(u, v) \mid 0 \leq u \leq \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}, 0 \leq v \leq \frac{\pi}{2}\}$$

$$-\frac{\partial(x, y)}{\partial(u, v)} = \left| \det \begin{pmatrix} x_u & x_v \\ y_u & y_v \end{pmatrix} \right| = |\sqrt{2}u|$$

$$I = \iint_{\tilde{D}} \frac{\sqrt{2} u \cos v}{1 + 2u^2} \sqrt{2} |u| \, du \, dv$$

$$\tilde{D} = [0, \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}] \times [0, \frac{\pi}{2}]$$

$$= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} dv \int_0^{\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}} \frac{2u^2 \cos v}{1 + 2u^2} \, du$$

$$= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos v \, dv \int_0^{\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}} \left(1 - \frac{1}{1 + 2u^2} \right) \, du$$

||

中間試験のコメント：問題 A

~~$\frac{dx}{du}$~~

$$F(u, v) = (x(u, v), y(u, v)) = (e^u \operatorname{sech} v, e^u \tanh v)$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{ll} \frac{\partial x}{\partial u} = e^u \operatorname{sech} v & \frac{\partial x}{\partial v} = e^u \operatorname{sech} v \tanh v \\ \frac{\partial y}{\partial u} = e^u \tanh v & \frac{\partial y}{\partial v} = e^u \operatorname{sech}^2 v \end{array} \right)$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial u} \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial v} \right) = \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \right) \begin{pmatrix} x_u & x_v \\ y_u & y_v \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\tilde{f}(u, v) = f(x(u, v), y(u, v))$$

中間試験のコメント：問題 A

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial u} \quad \begin{matrix} * \\ (u_x \quad u_y) \\ (v_x \quad v_y) \end{matrix}$$

$$F(u, v) = (x(u, v), y(u, v)) = (e^u \operatorname{sech} v, e^u \tanh v)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial \tilde{f}}{\partial u} & \frac{\partial \tilde{f}}{\partial v} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_u & x_v \\ y_u & y_v \end{pmatrix}$$
$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial \tilde{f}}{\partial u} & \frac{\partial \tilde{f}}{\partial v} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_u & x_v \\ y_u & y_v \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$$

$$\bullet \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \theta^2} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\Delta f = 0 \quad \dots \quad f = a\theta + b \quad (x = r \cos \theta, \quad y = r \sin \theta)$$

$$f = \Theta(a, \theta)$$

$$\bullet \quad x = e^u \operatorname{sech} v \quad y = e^u \tanh v$$

$$\operatorname{sech}^2 v + \tanh^2 v = 1$$

$$\bullet \quad \Delta F(x, y) = 0$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \frac{y}{x} = \tan^{-1} \sinh v$$

